### 52-Week Yld Sales

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>High</th>
<th>Low</th>
<th>Stock</th>
<th>Div</th>
<th>Yld %</th>
<th>P/E</th>
<th>Sales 100s</th>
<th>High</th>
<th>Low</th>
<th>Last</th>
<th>Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>63.88</td>
<td>35.31</td>
<td>XYZ Comm</td>
<td>1.76</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15584</td>
<td>45.73</td>
<td>42.20</td>
<td>44.58</td>
<td>-0.07</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**52-week high and low:**
The highest and lowest prices paid for the stock during the past year.

**Div:**
Short for dividend. A dividend is when a public company decides to pay a portion of its profits to stockholders. For each share of stock owned, a shareholder should receive $1.76 from the company’s annual profits.

**Yld%:**
The yield, or rate of return, on a stockholder’s investment. It is figured by dividing the annual dividend by the current price of the stock.

**Sales 100s:**
The total amount of stock traded during the previous day. This example shows that 1,558,400 shares of this stock changed hands.

**P/E:**
Short for price/earnings ratio. The price of a share of stock divided by the company’s earnings per share for the last year.

**High:**
The highest price paid for the stock during the previous day.

**Low:**
The lowest price paid for the stock during the previous day.

**Last:**
The last price paid for the stock at the end of the previous day.

**Change:**
The difference between the last trade and the previous day’s price.

In 2001, the NYSE became the first U.S. market to become fully decimalized, trading in dollars and cents instead of fractions.

Today, many people also read stock tables in real-time format on the Internet.